

Multi-space multi-objective design-space exploration for 3D scene understanding using active learning

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In collaboration with:

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The University of Manchester

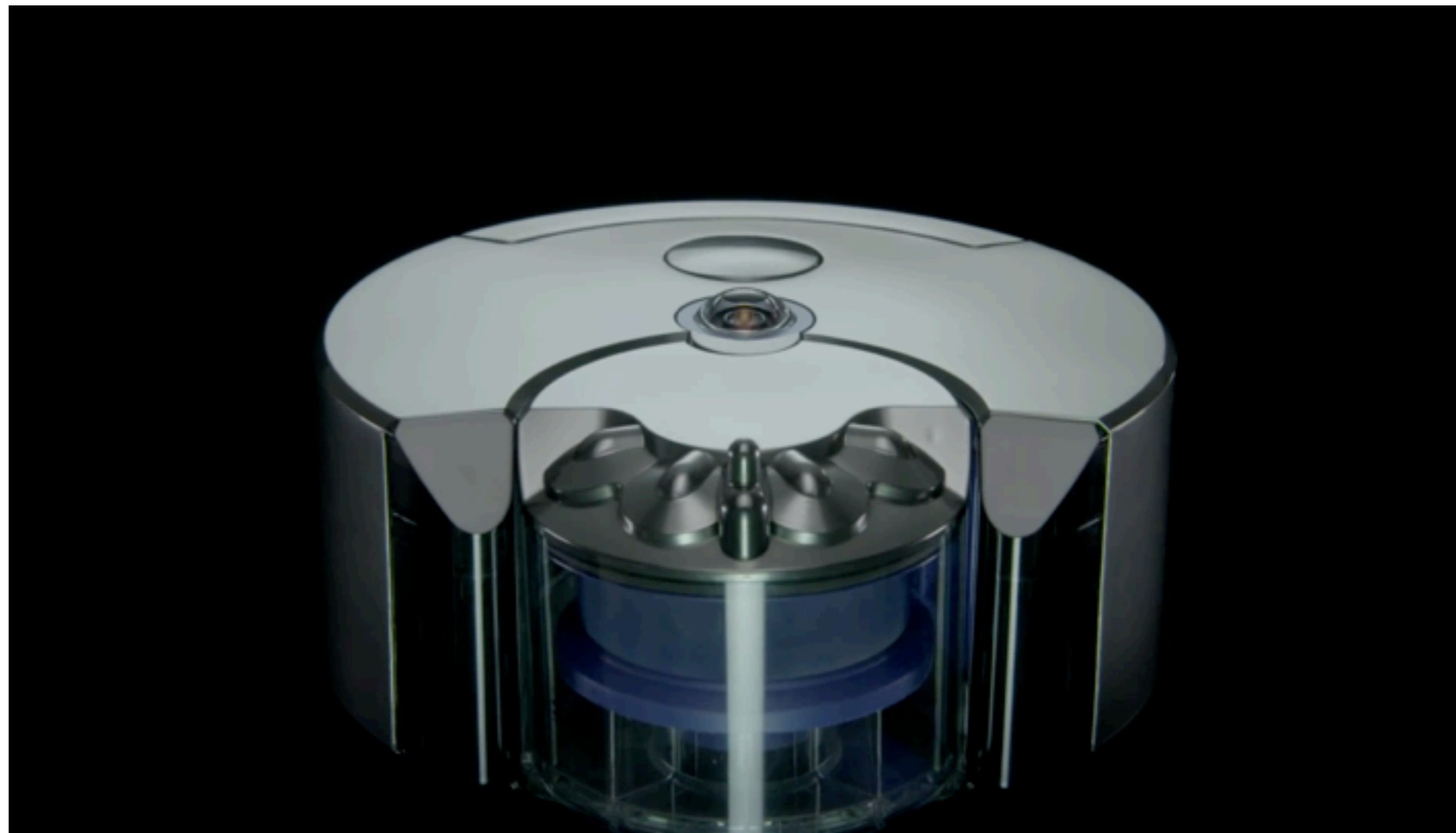
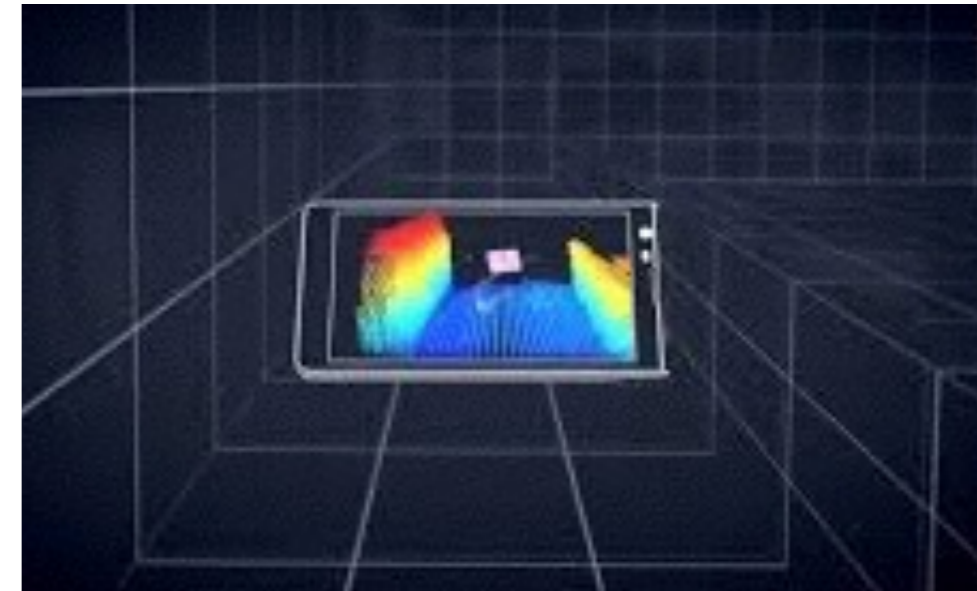


Imperial College
London



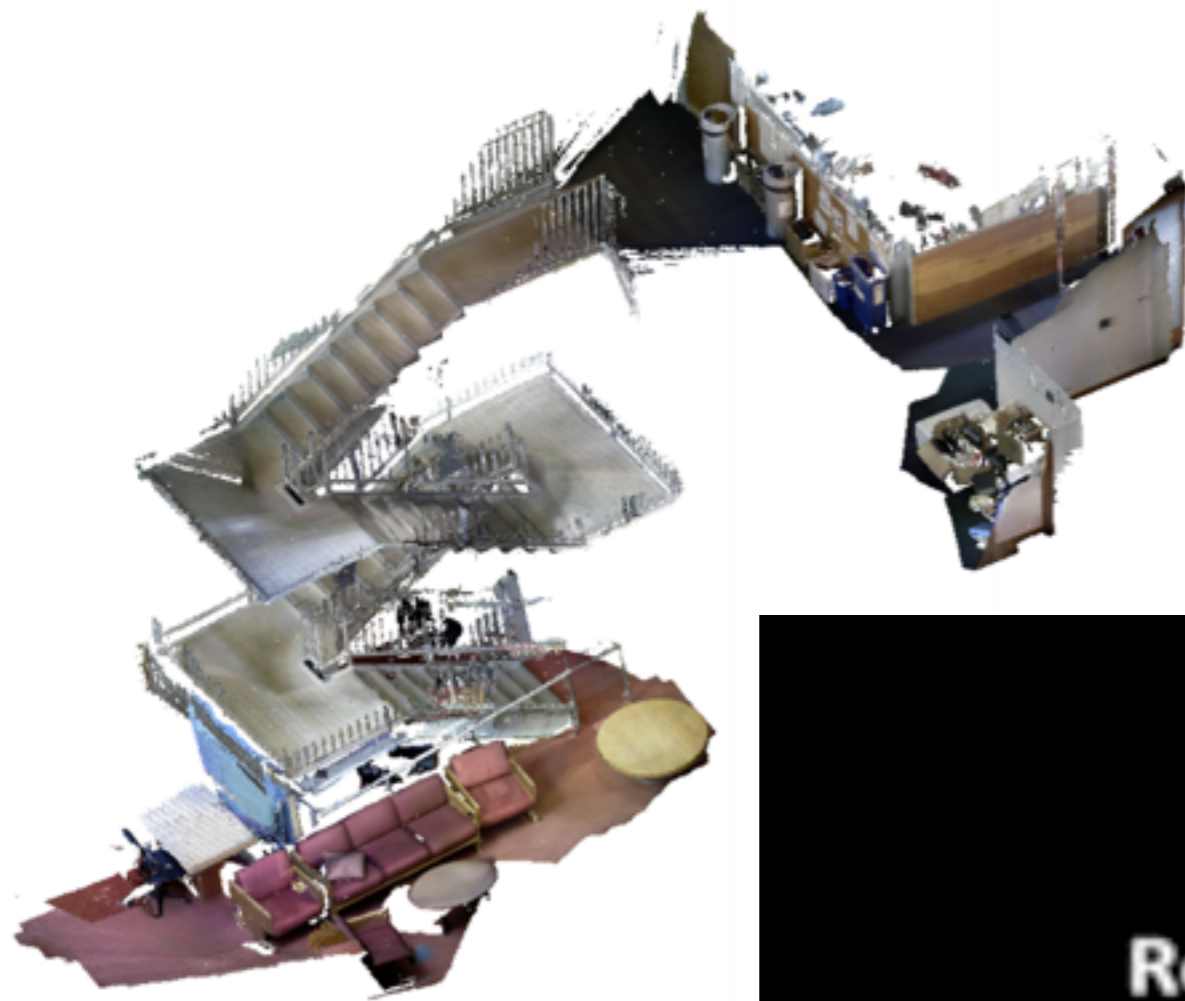
Simultaneous localisation and mapping (SLAM)

Build a coherent world representation and localise the camera in real-time



Video:
[Dyson 360 Eye](#)

Simultaneous localisation and mapping (SLAM)



[Whelan et al. 2012]



SIGGRAPH Talks 2011 KinectFusion: Real-Time Dynamic 3D Surface Reconstruction and Interaction

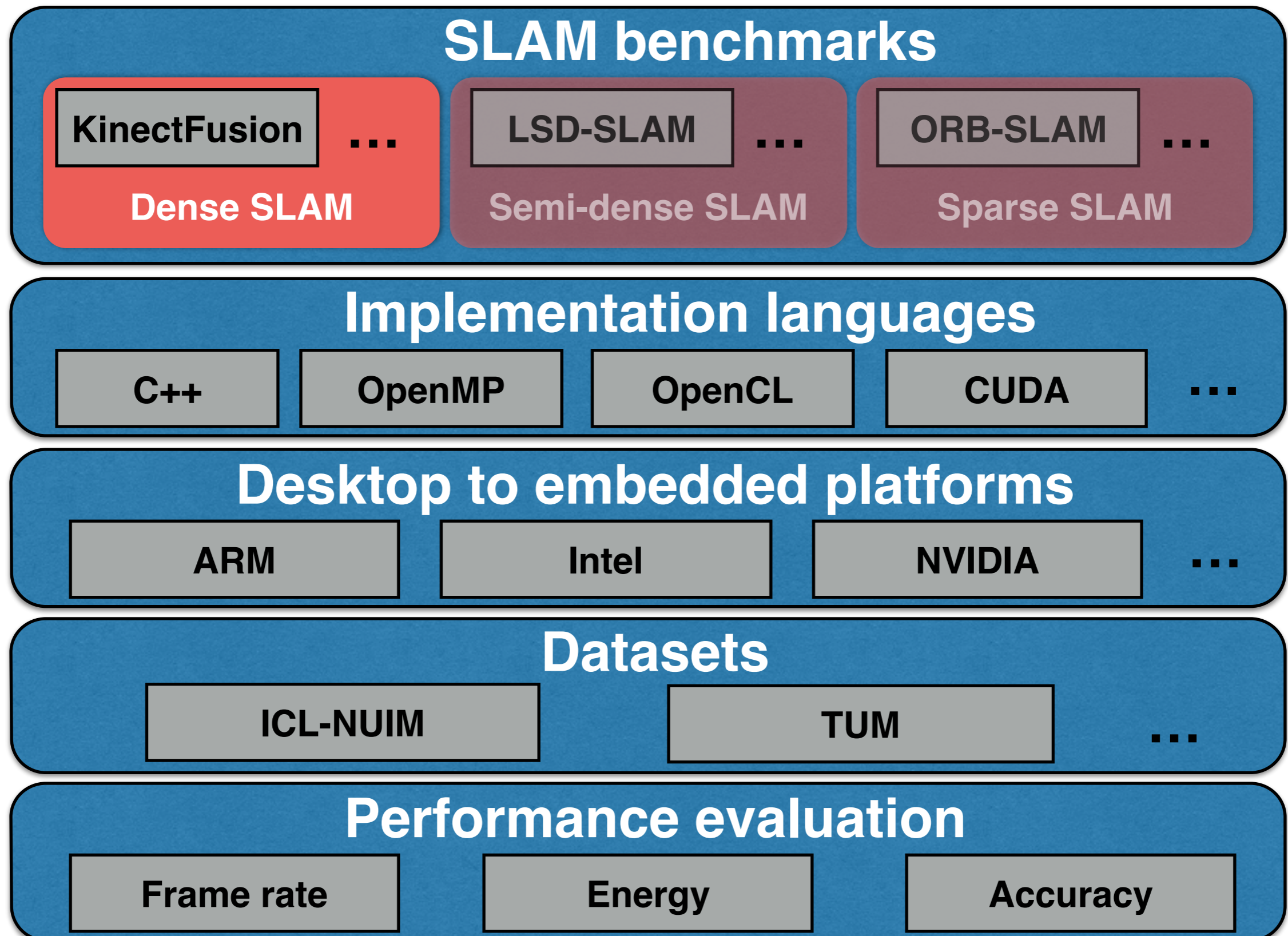
Shahram Izadi 1, Richard Newcombe 2, David Kim 1,3, Otmar Hilliges 1,
David Molyneaux 1,4, Pushmeet Kohli 1, Jamie Shotton 1,
Steve Hodges 1, Dustin Freeman 5, Andrew Davison 2, Andrew Fitzgibbon 1

1 Microsoft Research Cambridge 2 Imperial College London
3 Newcastle University 4 Lancaster University
5 University of Toronto

Video:

[[Newcombe et al. ISMAR 2011](#)]

SLAMBench framework



“Performance” on SLAMBench

- Runtime/energy/accuracy measurements
- Accuracy provided via absolute trajectory error (ATE)

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Machine	CPU	CPU name	CPU GFLOPS	CPU cores	GPU	GPU name	GPU GFLOPS	TDP Watts
Hardkernel ODROID-XU3	ARM A15 + A7	Exynos 5422	80	4 + 4	ARM	Mali-T628	60 + 30	10

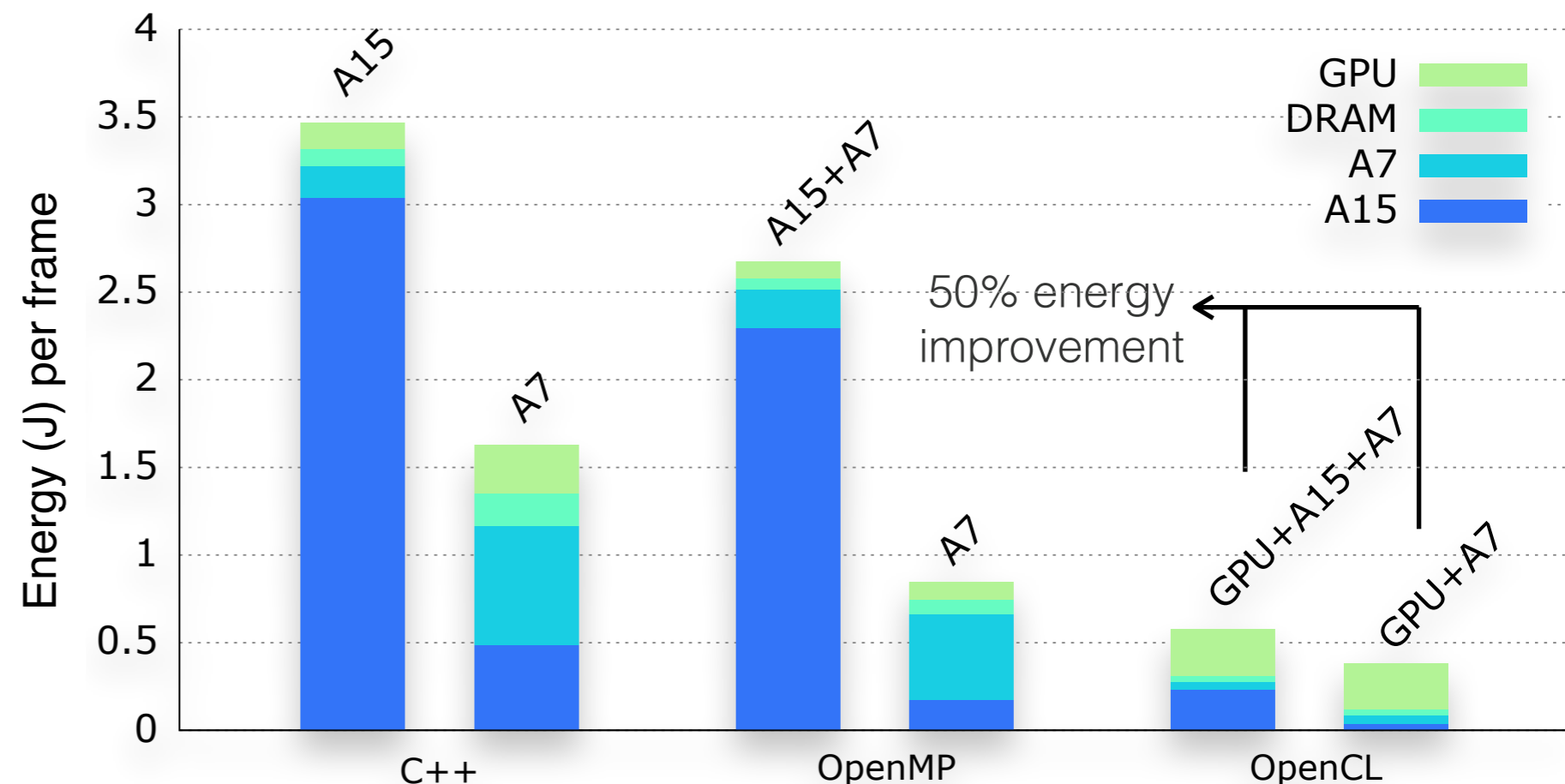
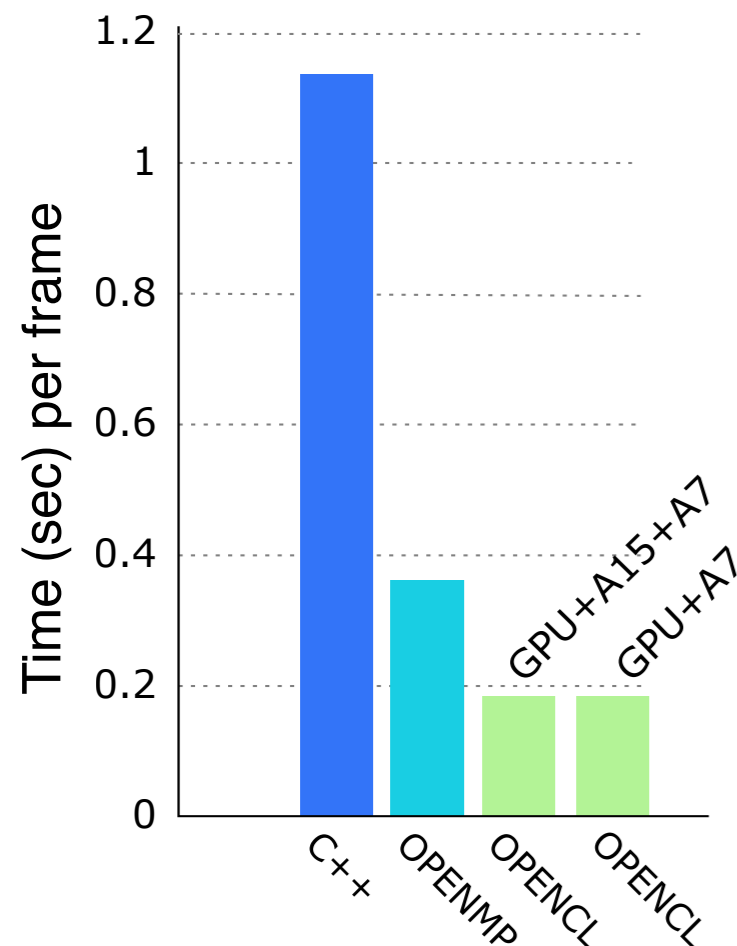
“Performance” on SLAMBench

- Runtime/energy/accuracy measurements
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ATE in cm	
C++	2.06
OpenMP	2.06
OpenCL	2.01

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What is the optimisation space?

Configuration parameters:

Space 1

1. Algorithmic:

- Application-specific parameters
- Minimisation methods
- Early exit condition values

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Space 1	<p>1. Algorithmic:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Application-specific parameters• Minimisation methods• Early exit condition values
Space 2	<p>2. Compilation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• opencl-params: -cl-mad-enable, -cl-fast-relaxed-math, etc.• Local work group size• Kernel partitioning ratio• Thread coarsening

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Space 3	<p>3. Hardware:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• CPU frequency• # of active big cores• # of active LITTLE cores

What is the optimisation space?

Configuration parameters:

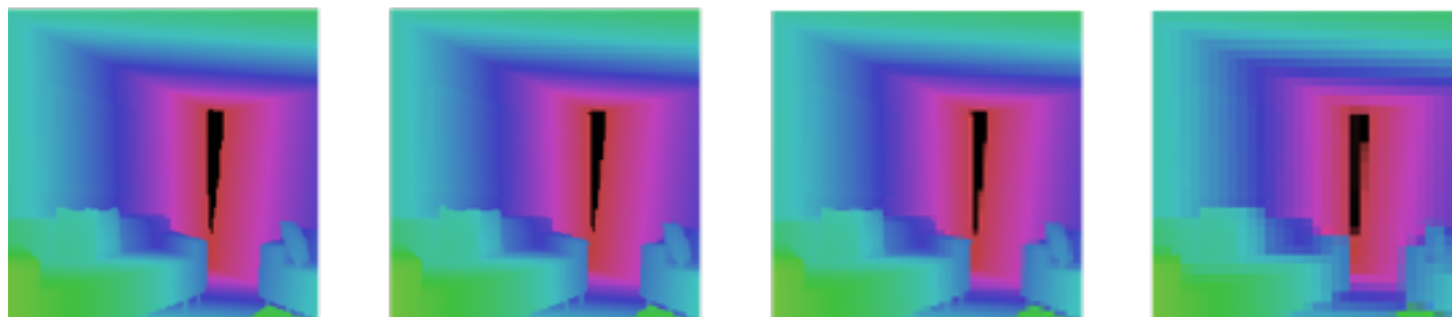
Joint space	Space 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Algorithmic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application-specific parameters • Minimisation methods • Early exit condition values
	Space 2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Compilation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • opencl-params: -cl-mad-enable, -cl-fast-relaxed-math, etc. • Local work group size • Kernel partitioning ratio • Thread coarsening
	Space 3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Hardware: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CPU frequency • # of active big cores • # of active LITTLE cores

Warning: huge spaces, impossible to run exhaustively

KinectFusion algorithmic features

Features	Ranges
Volume resolution	64x64x64, 128x128x128, 256x256x256, 512x512x512
μ distance	0 .. 0.5
Pyramid level iterations (3 levels)	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
Image resolution (image ratio)	1, 2, 4, 8
Tracking rate	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
ICP threshold	10^{-6} .. 10^2
Integration rate	1 .. 30

Image resolution (image ratio)



640x480

320x240

160x120

80x60

Volume resolution

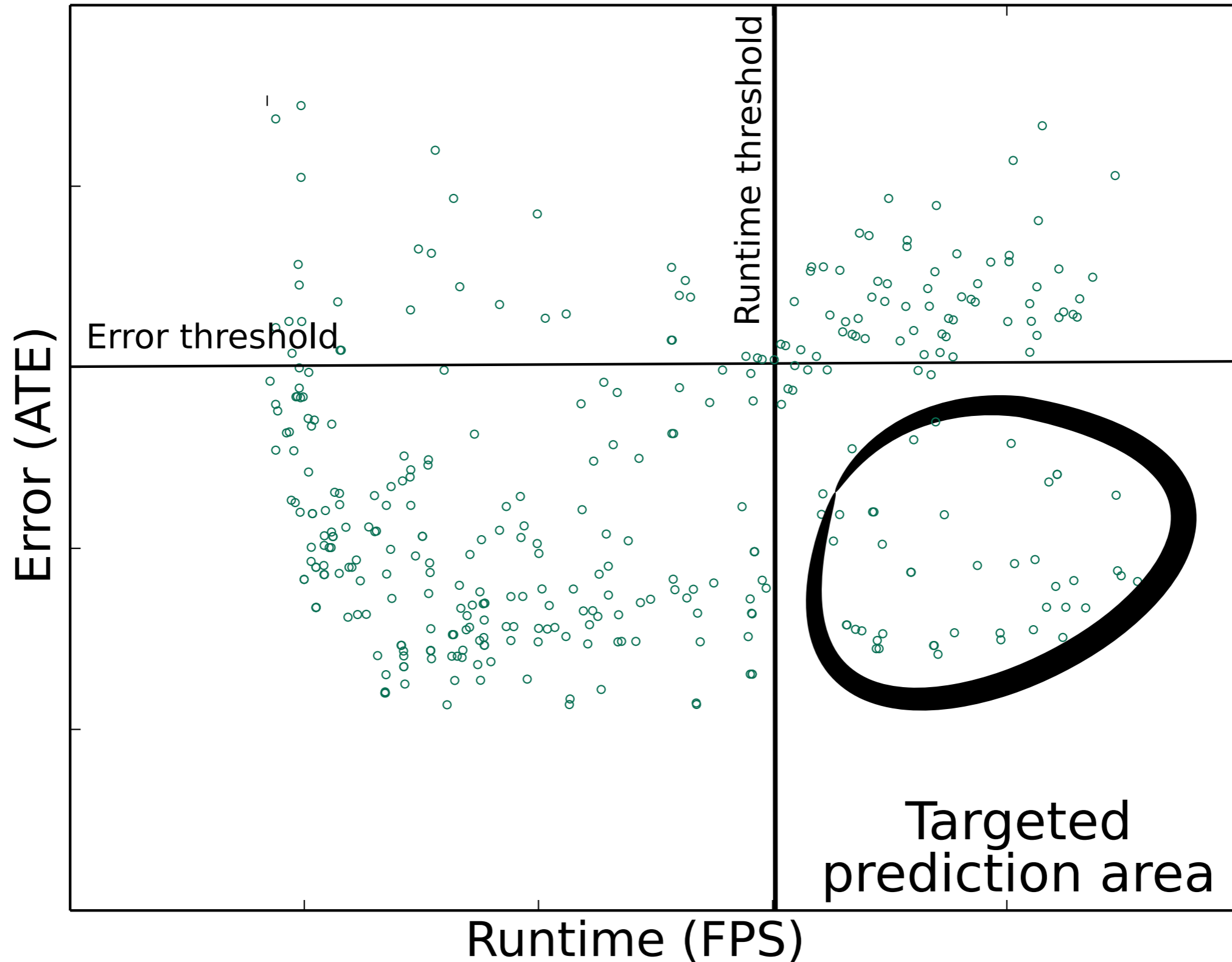


2x2x2

3x3x3

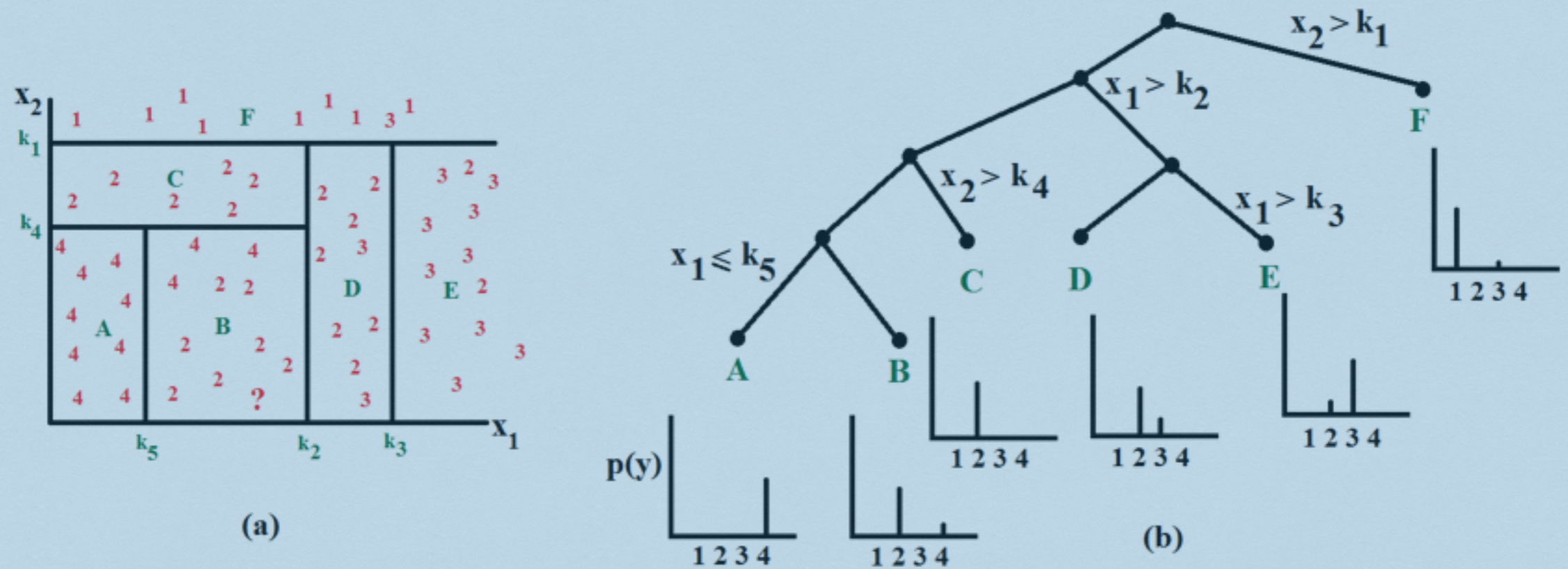
6x6x6

Goal of the exploration

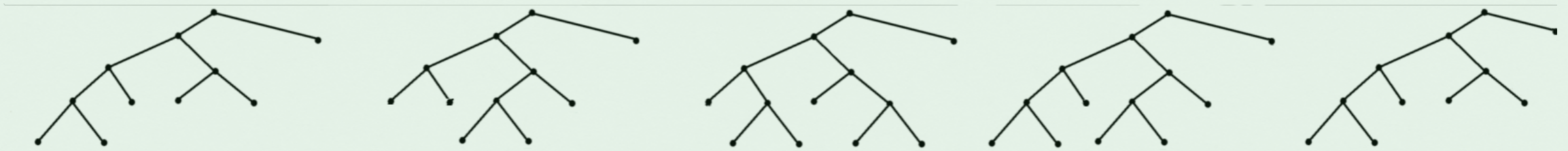


Machine learning methods used

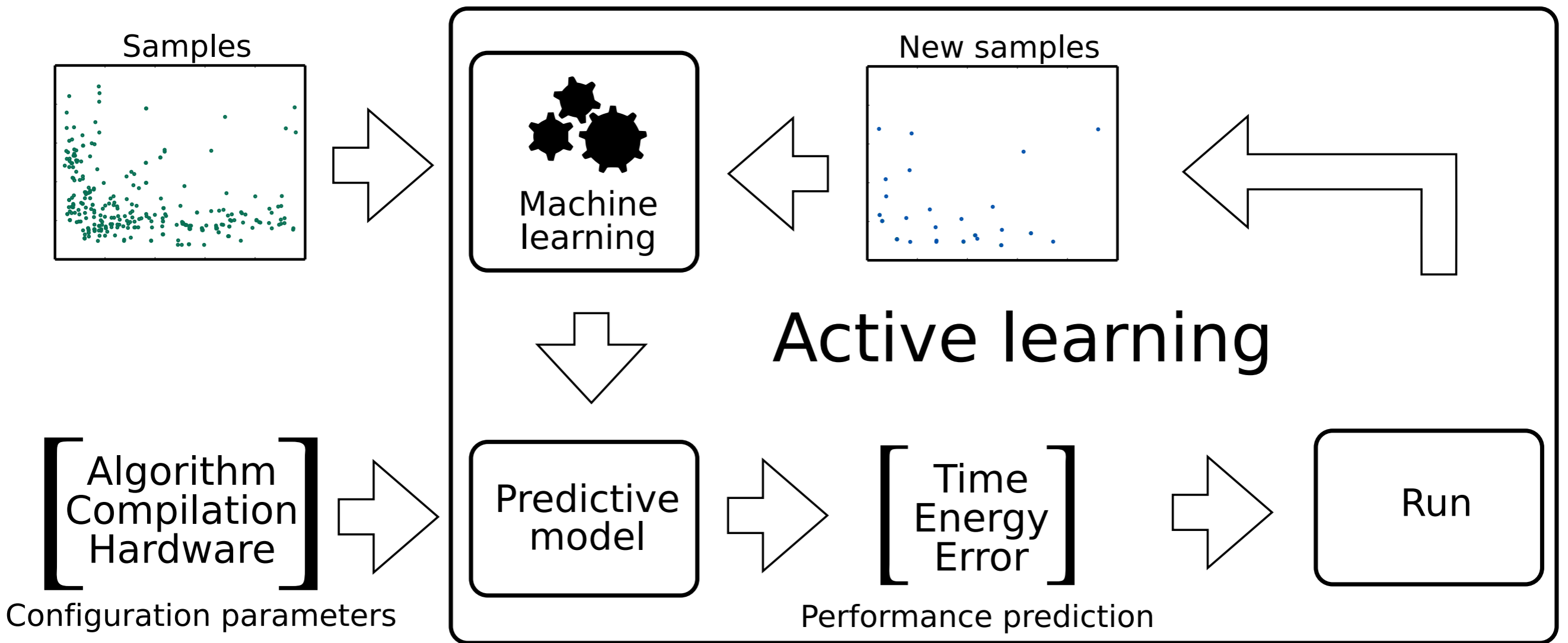
Decision tree



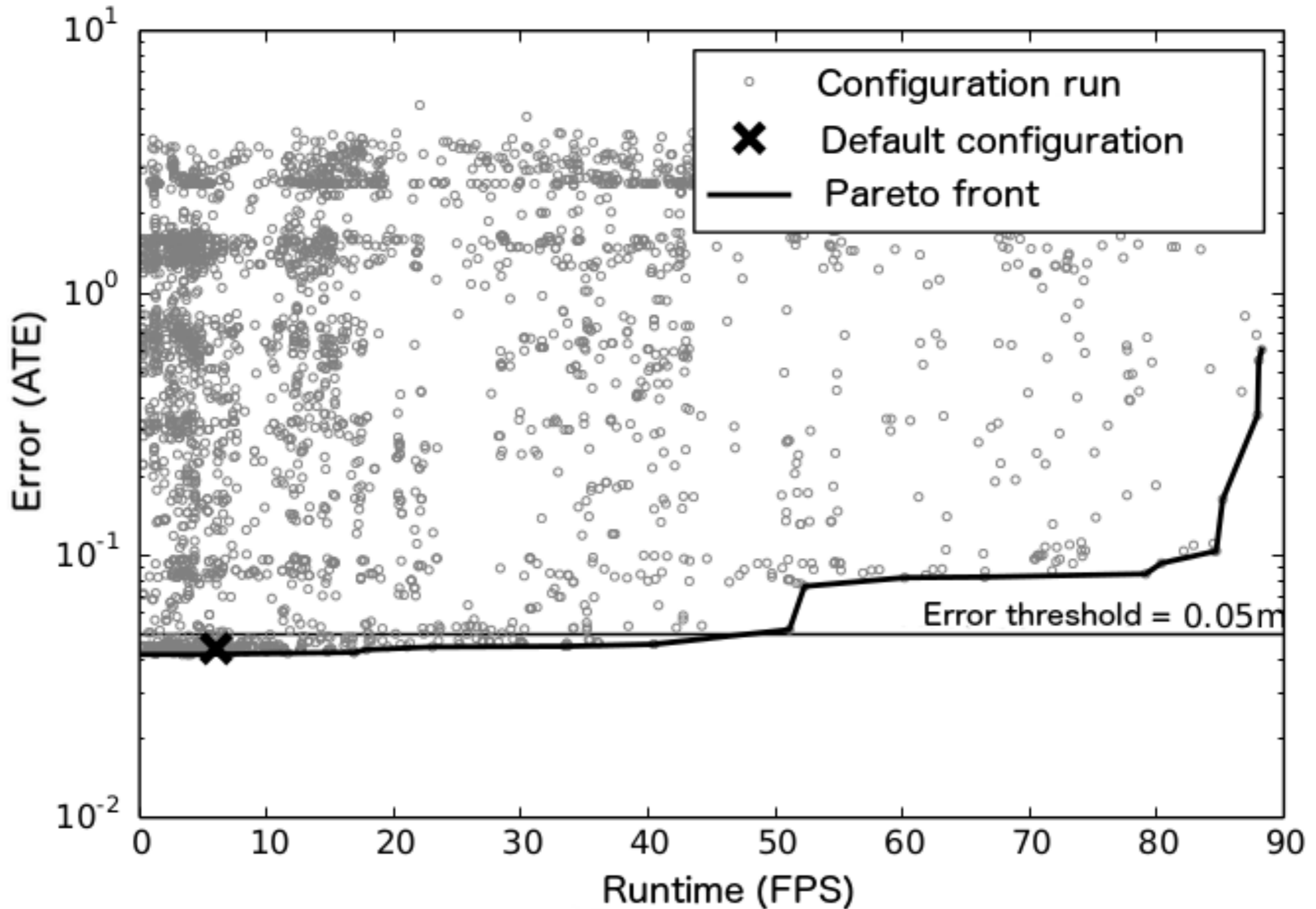
Random forest



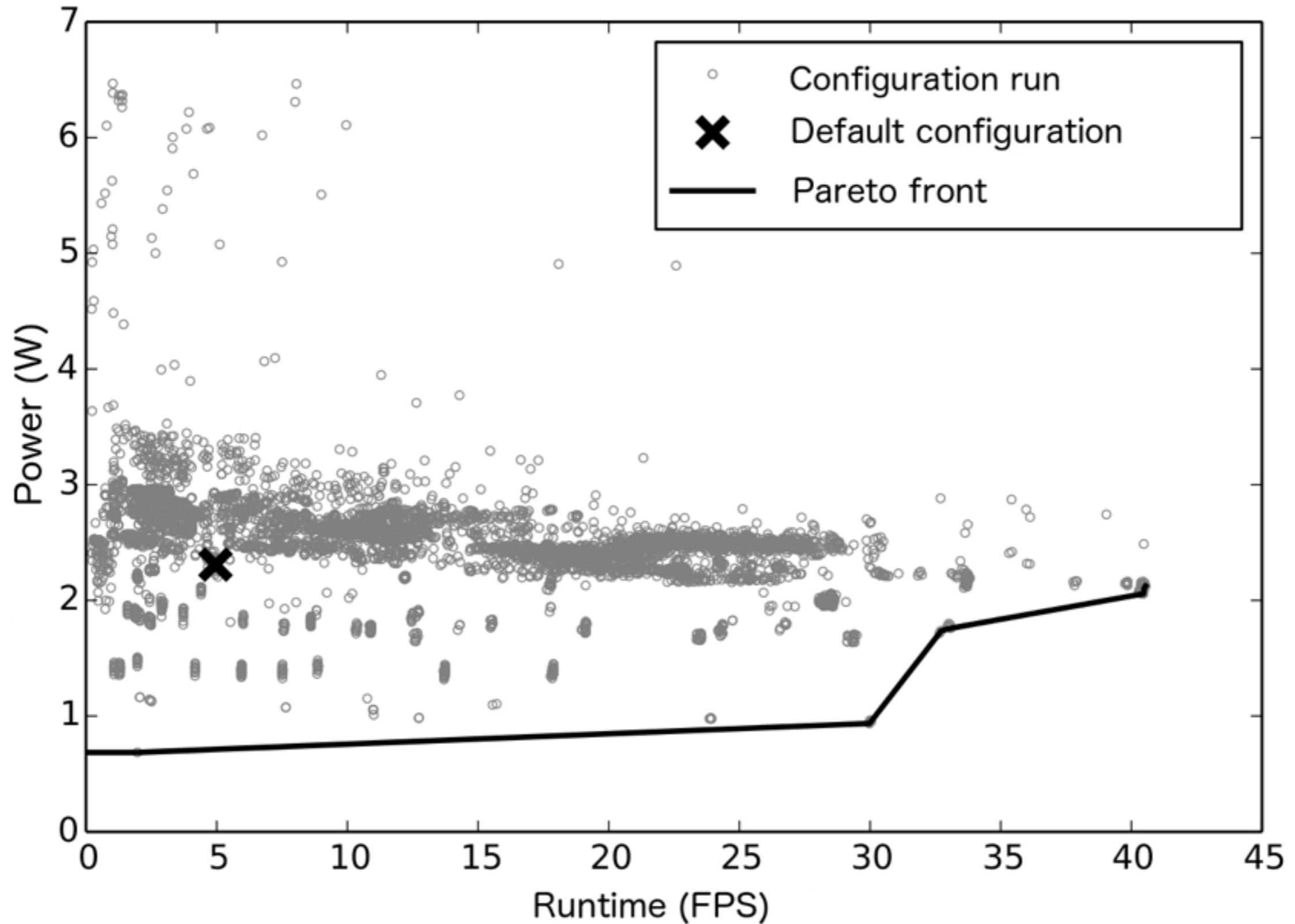
Joint design-space exploration (DSE)



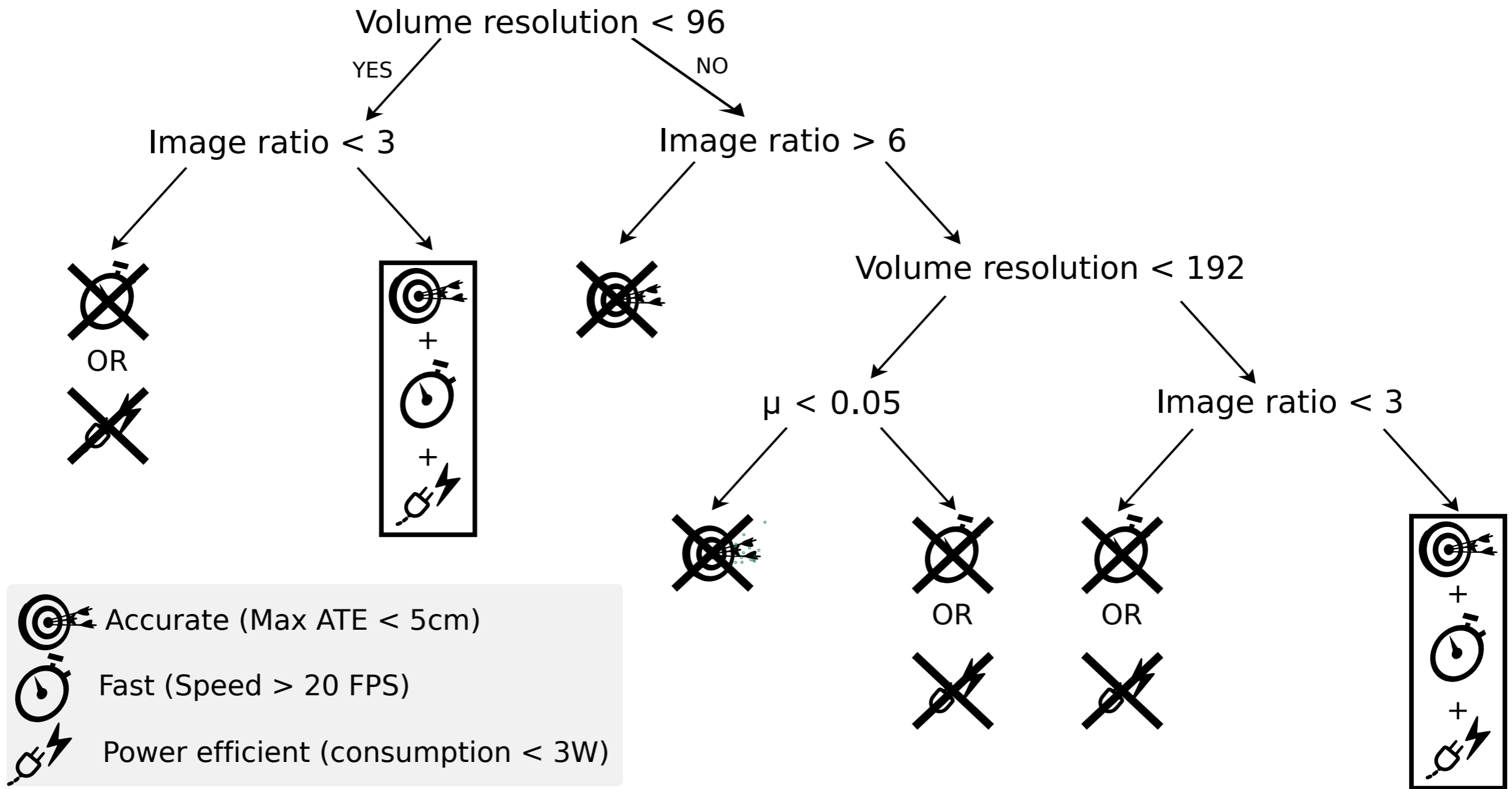
DSE on algorithmic parameters Error/Runtime



DSE on algorithmic parameters Power/Runtime



Predominant algorithmic features



Multi-objective DSE conclusions

- Multi-objective “performance” optimisation: runtime/energy/accuracy
- Auto-tuning tool to pick interesting points
- KinectFusion real-time on a popular embedded device
- Enabling auto-tuning at the domain-specific language (DSL) level

Future work

- Joint design-space exploration
- Reconstruction accuracy metric

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